1120-22-RA22 Graphic Operator Panel & Programmable Logic Controller

24VDC, 12 pnp/npn digital inputs, including 2 analog inputs*, 2 temperature measurement inputs**, high-speed counter/shaft encoder input, 8 relay outputs, 2 analog outputs, I/O expansion port, 2 RS232/RS485 ports

Power supply	24VDC
Permissible range	20.4VDC to 28.8VDC with less
remissible range	
Marrian and a second second second	than 10% ripple
Maximum current consumption	250mA@24VDC
Digital in case	10 (
Digital inputs	12 pnp (source) or npn (sink)
	inputs. See Note 1.
Nominal input voltage	24VDC.
	See Note 2.
Input voltages for pnp (source):	0-5VDC for Logic '0'
	17-28.8VDC for Logic '1'
Input voltages for npn (sink):	17-28.8VDC/<1mA for Logic '0'
,	0-5VDC/>3mA for Logic '1'
Input current	3.7mA@24VDC
Input impedance	6.5ΚΩ
Response time	10mS typical
(except high-speed inputs)	
Galvanic isolation	None
Input cable length	Up to 100 meters, unshielded
High-speed counter	Specifications below apply when
·	inputs are wired for use as a high-
	speed counter input/shaft
	encoder. See Notes 3 and 4.
Resolution	32-bit
Input frequency	10kHz max.
Minimum pulse	40µs
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Notes

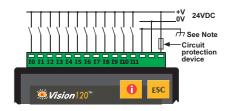
- All 12 inputs can be set to pnp (source) or npn (sink) via a single jumper and appropriate wiring.
- 2. npn (sink) inputs use voltage supplied from the controller's power supply.
- Input #0 can function as either high-speed counter or as part of a shaft encoder. In each case, high-speed input specifications apply. When used as a normal digital input, normal input specifications apply.
- 4. Input #1 can function as either counter reset, or as a normal digital input; in either case, specifications are those of a normal digital input. This input may also be used as part of a shaft encoder. In this case, high-speed input specifications apply.

- * These inputs can function as normal digital inputs or analog inputs (voltage/current), in accordance with jumper settings and wiring connections.
- ** These inputs can function as normal digital inputs, RTD, or thermocouple inputs, in accordance with jumper settings and wiring connections.

Warnings:

- Unused pins should not be connected. Ignoring this directive may damage the controller.
- Improper use of this product may severely damage the controller.
- Refer to the controller's User Guide regarding wiring considerations.
- Before using this product, it is the responsibility of the user to read the product's User Guide and all accompanying documentation.

Power supply, pnp (source) inputs connection



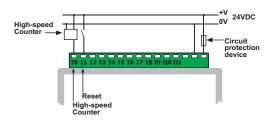
Note

To avoid electromagnetic interference, mount the controller in a metal panel/cabinet and earth the power supply. Earth the power supply signal to the metal using a wire whose length does not exceed 10cm. If your conditions do not permit this, do not earth the power supply.

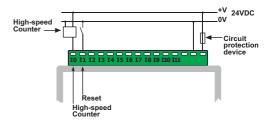
npn (sink) inputs connection



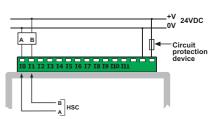
pnp (source) high-speed counter connection



npn (sink) high-speed counter connection



Shaft encoder connection





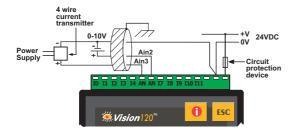
Analog Inputs	Two 14-bit, multi-range inputs:
-	0-10V, 0-20mA, 4-20mA
	See Note 1
Conversion method	Voltage to Frequency
Input impedance	12.77KΩ for voltage
	37Ω for current
Isolation	None
Normal mode	
Resolution at 0-10V, 0-20mA	14-bit (16384 units)
Resolution at 4-20mA	3277 to 16383 (13107 units)
Conversion time	100mSec minimum per input
	(according to filter type)
Fast mode	
Resolution at 0-10V, 0-20mA	12-bit (4096 units)
Resolution at 4-20mA	819 to 4095 (3277 units)
Conversion time	30mSec minimum per input
	(according to filter type)
Absolute maximum rating	±15V for voltage
	±30mA for current
Linearity error	0.04% maximum of full scale
Error limit	0.4% of input value
Status indication	Yes, see Note 2

Notes

- Inputs #5 and #6 can each function as an analog input, related to signal 0V, in accordance with jumper settings and wiring connections.
- 2. The analog value can also indicate faults, as shown below:

Value: 12-bit	Value: 14-bit	Input value
(Fast mode)	(Normal mode)	deviates:
-1	-1	Slightly below the input range.
4096	16384	Slightly above the input range.
32767	32767	Greatly above or below the input range.

Voltage / Current connection



Notes:

- a. Shields should be connected at the signals' source.
- b. The 0V signal of the analog input must be connected to the controller's 0V.

Thermocouple inputs Two differential inputs. See Note 1. Input type Thermocouple. See Note 2. Input ranges As shown in the table below Isolation None Conversion method Voltage to Frequency Resolution 0.1°C / 0.1°F Conversion time 100mSec minimum per input (according to filter type) Input impedance >10MΩ local, automatic Cold junction compensation Cold junction compensation error ±1.5°C / ±2.7°F maximum Absolute maximum rating ±0.6 VDC Linearity error 0.04% maximum of full scale Error limit 0.4% of input value Status indication None 1/2 hour typically, Warm-up time ±1°C / ±1.8°F repeatability

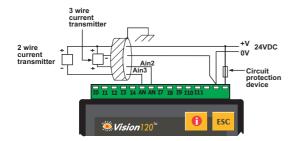
Notes:

- Thermocouple #0: use Input #10 as positive input & Input #9 as negative input.
 Thermocouple #1: use Input #8 as positive input & Input #7 as negative input.
 To use inputs as thermocouple, set the relevant jumpers and use appropriate wiring.
- The device can also measure voltage within the range of -5 to 56mV, at resolution of 0.01mV. The device can also measure raw value frequency.

Table 1: input ranges

	. Input runges		
Type	Temperature range	Wire color	
		ANSI (USA)	BS 1843 (UK)
mV	-5 to 56mV	-	-
В	200 to 1820°C	+ Grey	+ None
	(300 to 3276°F)	- Red	- Blue
E	-200 to 750°C	+ Violet	+ Brown
	(-328 to 1382°F)	- Red	- Blue
J	-200 to 760°C	+ White	+ Yellow
	(-328 to 1400°F)	- Red	- Blue
K	-200 to 1250°C	+ Yellow	+ Brown
	(-328 to 2282°F)	- Red	- Blue
N	-200 to 1300°C	+ Orange	+ Orange
	(-328 to 2372°F)	- Red	- Blue
R	0 to 1768°C	+ Black	+ White
	(32 to 3214°F)	- Red	- Blue
S	0 to 1768°C	+ Black	+ White
	(32 to 3214°F)	- Red	- Blue
T	-200 to 400°C	+ Blue	+ White
	(-328 to 752°F)	- Red	- Blue

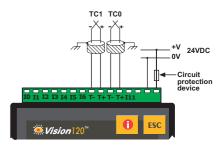
Current connection



Notes:

- a. Shields should be connected at the signals' source.
- b. The 0V signal of the analog input must be connected to the controller's 0V.

Thermocouple connection



Note:

Shields should be connected at the signals' source.



RTD inputs	Two PT100 inputs. See Note 1.
Input ranges	-200 to 600°C (-328 to 1100°F)
	1 to 320 ohms
Isolation	None
Measurement resolution	0.1°C / 0.1°F
Conversion method	Voltage to Frequency
Conversion time	300mSec minimum per input
	(according to filter type)
Input impedance	>10MΩ
Auxiliary current for PT100	150µA typical
Linearity error	0.04% max. of full scale
Error limit	0.4% of input value
Status indication	Yes, see Note 2

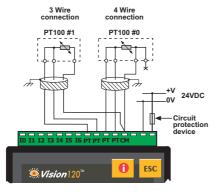
Notes:

PT100 #0: use Input #9 & Input #10, related to CM signal (Input #11).
 PT100 #1: use Input #7 & Input #8, related to CM signal (Input #11).
 To use inputs as PT100, set the relevant jumpers and use appropriate wiring.

2. The analog value can also indicate faults, as shown below:

Value	Possible Cause
32767	Sensor is not connected to input, or value exceeds the
	permissible range
-32767	Sensor is short-circuited

PT100 connection



Note:

a. Shields should be connected at the signals' source.

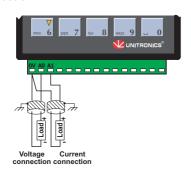
b. 4 wire PT100 can be used by leaving one of the sense leads unconnected.

Analog outputs	Two 12-bit analog outputs:
	0-10V, 4-20mA, See Note
Load impedance	1kΩ minimum - voltage
	500Ω maximum - current
Galvanic isolation	None
Resolution	12-bit (4096 units)
Conversion time	Synchronized to scan time
Linearity error	±0.1%
Operational error limits	±0.2%

Note:

Each analog output range is defined by wiring, jumpers and within the controller's software.

Analog outputs connection



Notes:

- a. Shields should be earthed, connected to the earth of the cabinet.
- b. The 0V signal of the analog outputs must be the same 0V used by the controller's power supply.

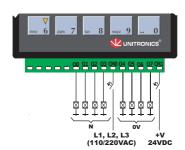
Relay outputs	8 relays (in 2 groups) See Note
Output type	SPST-NO (Form A)
Type of relay	Tyco PCN-124D3MHZ
	or compatible
Isolation	by relay
Output current (resistive load)	3A max per output
	8A max total for common
Rated voltage	250VAC / 30VDC
Minimum load	1mA@5VDC
Life expectancy	100k operations at maximum load
Response time	10mS (typical)
Contact protection	External precautions required (see below)

Note:

Outputs #0, #1, #2 and #3 share a common signal. Outputs #4, #5, #6 and #7 share a common signal.

Relay outputs connection

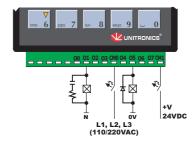
- Each Output group can be wired separately to either AC or DC as shown below.
- The power signals in the illustration below are isolated from the controller's power signals.



Increasing Contact Life Span

To increase the life span of the relay output contacts and protect the device from potential damage by reverse EMF, connect:

- a clamping diode in parallel to each inductive DC load.
- an RC snubber circuit in parallel with each inductive AC load.





Graphic Display	STN, LCD display
Illumination backlight	LED, yellow-green,
	software-controlled
Display resolution	128x64 pixels
Keypad	Sealed membrane
Number of keys	16
Program	
Application memory	448K
Memory Bits (coils)	4096
Memory Integers (registers)	2048
Long Integers (32 bit)	256
Double Word (32 bit unsigned)	64
Floats	24
Timers	192
Counters	24
Data Tables	120K (RAM) / 64K (FLASH)
HMI displays	Up to 255
Execution time	0.8µs for bit operations

RS232/RS485 serial ports	Used for:
	 Application Download/Upload
	 Application Testing (Debug)
	Connect to GSM or standard
	telephone modem:
	- Send/receive SMS messages
	 Remote access programming
	RS485 Networking
RS232 (see note)	2 ports
Galvanic isolation	None
Voltage limits	±20V
RS485 (see note)	2 ports
Input voltage	-7 to +12V differential max.
Cable type	Shielded twisted pair,
	in compliance with EIA RS485
Galvanic isolation	None
Nodes	Up to 32
Baud rate	110 – 57600 bps

N	ote
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RS232/RS485 is determined by jumper settings and wiring. Refer to the controller's User Guide regarding communications.

I/O expansion port	Up to 128 additional I/Os, including digital & analog I/Os, temperature and weight inputs and more. (number of I/Os may vary according to expansion model)
Miscellaneous	
Clock (RTC)	Real-time clock functions (Date and time).
Battery back-up	7 years typical at 25°C, battery
	back-up for RTC and system data, including variable data.
Battery	Coin type, 3V lithium battery, CR2450
Weight	317g (11.2 oz.)
Operational temperature	0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)
Storage temperature	-20 to 60°C (-4 to 140°F)
Relative Humidity (RH)	5% to 95% (non-condensing)
Mounting method	DIN-rail mounted (IP20/NEMA1) Panel mounted (IP65/NEMA4X)



V120-22-RA22 I/O Jumper Settings

The tables below show how to set a specific jumper to change the functionality of a specific input. To open the controller and access the jumpers, refer to the directions at the end of these specifications.

Important: Incompatible jumper settings and wiring connections may severely damage the controller.

Temperature measurement Inputs Inputs # 7-10

JP5, JP6, JP7

Input #9 and Input #10 (universal input No.0)

To use as	JP5	JP6	JP7
Normal digital inputs*	Α	Α	Α
Thermocouple input (See Note 1)	В	В	В
PT100 input (See Note 2)	В	А	В

- 1. Thermocouple input is between Input #10 (T+) and Input #9 (T-).
- 2. PT100 input is connected to Input #9 and Input #10, related to CM signal (Input #11).

JP1, JP2, JP3 Input #7 and Input #8 (universal input No.1)

To use as	JP1	JP2	JP3
Normal digital inputs*	Α	Α	Α
Thermocouple input (See Note 1)	В	В	В
PT100 input (See Note 2)	В	А	В

Notes:

- 1. Thermocouple input is between Input #8 (T+) and Input #7 (T-).
- 2. PT100 input is connected to Input #7 and Input #8, related to CM signal (Input #11).

JP11 Input #11

To use as	JP11
Normal digital input*	Α
CM signal for PT100 inputs	В

Analog (Voltage/Current) Inputs

Inputs # 5-6

JP8, JP9

Input #6 (universal input No. 2)

To use as	JP8	JP9
Normal digital input*	Α	Α
Analog input - voltage	В	Α
Analog input - current	В	В

JP4, JP10

Input #5 (universal input No. 3)

To use as	JP4	JP10
Normal digital input*	Α	Α
Analog input - voltage	В	Α
Analog input - current	В	В

^{*}Default factory setting



V120-22-RA22 I/O Jumper Settings

JP12 Input type (for all digital inputs) see Note

To use as	JP12
npn (sink)	А
pnp (source)*	В

Note:

Inputs #0-4, and #5-11 when these are set as normal digital inputs.

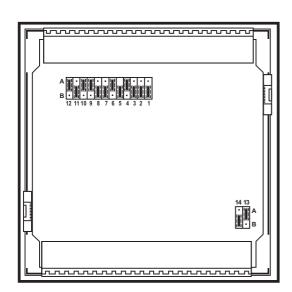
JP13 Analog output #0

To use as	JP13
Voltage*	А
Current	В

JP14 Analog output #1

To use as	JP14	
Voltage*	А	
Current	В	

*Default factory setting



In this figure, the jumper settings will cause the inputs and the analog outputs to function as follows:

Universal Input #0 (Input #9 and #10): PT100 input, related to the CM Signal (input#11)

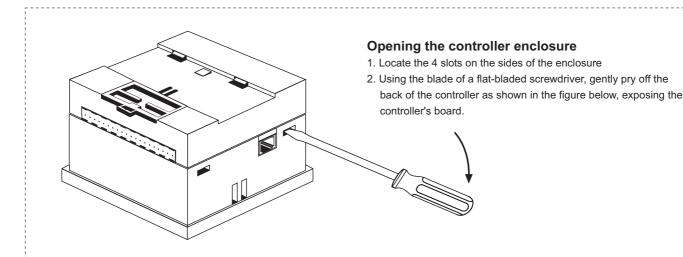
Universal Input #1 (Input #7 and Input #8): Termocouple input

Universal Input #2 (Input #6): Voltage input related to 0V

Universal Input #3 (Input #5): Normal npn, 24VDC digital input Input#0 to Input #4: npn, 24VDC digital inputs.

(Note that these inputs can only function as normal digital inputs.)

Analog output #0: Voltage output Analog output #1: Current output



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